## LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

Claims 1, 7, 11, 13-17, and 21 have been amended as indicated below. The following listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the present application.

- 1. (currently amended) A method for expanding [[the]] <u>a</u> mode-field diameter of an optical fiber, the method comprising the step of heating [[an]] <u>a free</u> end of the optical fiber to a temperature within a range of about 500 °C to about 2000 °C.
- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the optical fiber is a dispersion compensating fiber.
- 3. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the fiber is heated for a period within a range of about 1 to about 40 minutes.
- 4. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the fiber is heated for a period within a range of about 10 to about 30 minutes.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fiber is adapted to be spliced to a second optical fiber having a larger mode field diameter with a splice loss of from about 0.05 dB to about 0.3 dB.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the fiber has an adiabatic taper of from about 1 mm to about 6 mm.
- 7. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of heating the free end of the optical fiber comprises applying heat generated by a fuel source, wherein the fuel source comprises an organic liquid.

Appln. No. 10/717,856 Amendment dated April 25, 2005 Reply to Office Action of February 25, 2005

- 8. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the organic liquid comprises an alcohol.
- 9. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the organic liquid comprises an alcohol of six or fewer carbons and having only one hydroxyl group.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the organic liquid comprises methanol.
- 11. (currently amended) A method of splicing a first optical fiber having a smaller mode-field diameter to a second optical fiber having a larger mode\_field diameter, comprising the steps of:
- (a) heating [[the]] <u>a free</u> end of the first optical fiber having the smaller mode\_field diameter to a temperature within a range of about 500 °C to about 2000°C to expand [[the]] <u>s mode field of the first optical fiber</u>; and
- (b) abutting the <u>free</u> end of the expanded mode field <u>of the first optical</u> fiber with [[the]] <u>a free</u> end of the second optical fiber having the larger mode field diameter.
- 12. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein the first optical fiber having the smaller mode field diameter is a dispersion compensating fiber.
- 13. (currently amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the <u>first optical</u> fiber is heated for a period within a range of about 1 to about 40 minutes.
- 14. (currently amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the <u>first optical</u> fiber is heated for a period within a range of about 10 to about 30 minutes.

Appln. No. 10/717,856 Amendment dated April 25, 2005 Reply to Office Action of February 25, 2005

- 15. (currently amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the <u>first optical</u> fiber is adapted to be spliced to the second optical fiber having the larger mode\_field diameter with a splice loss of from about 0.05 dB to about 0.3 dB.
- 16. (currently amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the <u>first optical</u> fiber has an adiabatic taper of from about 1 mm to about 6 mm.
- 17. (currently amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the step of heating the free end of the first optical fiber comprises applying heat generated by a fuel source, and wherein the fuel source comprises an organic liquid.
- 18. (original) The method of claim 17, wherein the organic liquid comprises an alcohol.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 17, wherein the organic liquid comprises an alcohol of six or fewer carbons and having only one hydroxyl group.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 17, wherein the organic liquid comprises methanol.
- 21. (currently amended) A method for expanding [[the]] a mode-field diameter of an optical fiber, the method comprising the step of heating [[the]] a free end of an optical fiber to a temperature within a range of about 500 °C to about 2000°C by applying heat to the optical fiber generated by a fuel source, wherein the fuel source comprises an organic liquid.
- 22. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein the optical fiber is a dispersion compensating fiber.
- 23. (previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the fiber is heated for a period within a range of about 1 to about 40 minutes.

Appln. No. 10/717,856 Amendment dated April 25, 2005 Reply to Office Action of February 25, 2005

- 24. (previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the fiber is heated for a period within a range of about 10 to about 30 minutes.
- 25. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein the organic liquid comprises an alcohol.
- 26. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein the organic liquid comprises an alcohol of six or fewer carbons and having only one hydroxyl group.
- 27. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein the organic liquid comprises methanol.